Addendum

Table 3.1 is amended as follows (see underlined):

Table 3.1 Ecological Conditions of the Project Site during Baseline Monitoring

Monitoring Locations	Observations/Comments/Recommendations
General environment, existing habitats	Similar to the ecobaseline during the EIA Study. Habitats with the Project Site remained intact. No signs of environmental degradation or pollution observed.
Chinese Fan-palm trees near existing dorms	Chinese Fan-palm trees in good conditions (**Figure 3.5**), but bats not observed. Probably temporarily left the roost site or had abandoned the site and found alternative roosts, which is a normal practice for the bats. The Chinese Fan-Palm trees will be surveyed again for bats during Impact monitoring.
Mangroves/compensatory mangrove planting site	Mangrove was in good conditions and fruiting. Kandelia droppers developed but were not yet ripen. Droppers for compensatory mangrove planting should be collected when droppers are mature. Vigorous algal growth along sand flat which is a seasonal phenomenon. Mangrove planting site has been fine-tuned to avoid those areas to minimise the impacts on new mangrove planting by smothering and demarcated on site with site staffs (**Figure 3.6**). It is anticipated that mangrove planting will be conducted in mid-late April 2011 and will be overseen by ET.
Incense Trees to be retained or transplanted.	The 5 no. of Incense Tree to be transplanted (T643, T644, T639, T766, T776) and 3 no. of Incense Tree to be retained (T976, T788, T758) were inspected. All except T776 were intact and in fair conditions, although most tree crowns were covered by climbers. T776 was dead. The major trunk was broken and rotten. It appeared to be damaged by typhoon or storms last year. Photos of the trees are provided in **Figure 3.7**. It is recommended that T776 should be fell instead of transplanted. It is anticipated that tree protection and transplantation will be commenced in mid-April 2011 by the landscape contractor prior to site clearance and will be monitored by the ET during impact monitoring.